

Annual Report 2013-14



CENTRE FOR SOCIAL STUDIES
Veer Narmad South Gujarat University Campus
Udhna-Magdalla Road
SURAT - 395 007
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INTRODUCTION

The Centre for Social Studies (CSS) is an autonomous social science research institute. Founded by late Professor I.P. Desai in 1969, as the Centre for Regional Development Studies, CSS receives grants for its recurring and non-recurring expenditure from the Indian Council of Social Science Research (ICSSR), New Delhi, and the Department of Higher and Technical Education, Government of Gujarat. Besides, CSS also mobilises funds from government departments and national & international institutions to carry out its research studies.

The Centre's faculty, though small in number, represents a variety of disciplines including sociology, social work, history, economics, human geography, statistics, anthropology and rural studies. With multi-disciplinary research as its core activity, CSS has also been actively involved in training of teachers, researchers, policy makers, NGOs, social activists, etc. Under the ICSSR Guidance and Consultancy Scheme, the Centre's faculty offer guidance to PhD scholars in designing research, refining methodology and analyzing data.

The key areas of research in CSS include: marginalized communities, social justice, civil society, women, labour, land, rural credit, migration, culture and conflict, urban landscapes, public health, education, governance, and environment and resources. Theoretical contributions of CSS have been well-recognised in the field of social stratification, agrarian relations, social movements, sociology of education, dalits and tribes and development studies. Persistent empirical enquiries into deprivation, under-development and marginalization among the scheduled castes, tribes (including nomadic tribes), women and minorities highlight our research concerns.

During the last four decades, CSS has completed 286 research studies sponsored by regional, national and international agencies. CSS has so far published 135 books (79 in English and 56 in Gujarati) in the research areas as mentioned above. Moreover, it has published 23 I.P. Desai Memorial Lectures, 6 booklets as part of its *Samaj Darshan* series in Gujarati, 23 occasional papers and 11 working papers. Faculty members have so far published about 532 research articles, both in English and Gujarati, in international and national and regional social science journals.

The Centre continues to publish its Gujarati quarterly journal, *Arthat*, since 1981. It is rated well among the academic fraternity in the region. This is further strengthened by the fact that scholars, activists, journalists and people from other walks of life have been contributing articles to the journal. Besides providing a platform to the regional intelligentsia to communicate and share their intellect with the academic world, it also fulfils and encourages the aspiration of students and teachers of the state who are eager to express their academic reflections through the regional language.

CSS frequently conducts courses in research methodology and writing skills. The Centre has been organizing an annual training programme on 'Computer Applications in Social Sciences' supported by ICSSR for more than two decades. So far, 400 young researchers, college and university teachers have benefited from this programme. Under its doctoral programme that began in 1979, 13 scholars have completed their Ph.D. Recently, the Hemchandracharya North Gujarat University, Patan has accorded the status of "Recognized PhD Centre" to CSS. Faculty members of CSS are recognized by Gujarat Vidyapith to guide Ph.D. students.

CSS organizes regular seminars and colloquia. CSS offers guidance and consultancy to college/ university teachers and researchers in designing research, refining methodology and data analysis. Faculty members are often invited to deliver lectures at institutes and universities at regional, national and international levels. The Centre also undertakes collaborative studies with scholars from other Indian and foreign institutions.

In memory of its founder, CSS organizes I.P. Desai Memorial Lecture every year. So far, 24 lectures have been delivered by illustrious scholars from across social science disciplines and are available in printed form on request.

Research Projects

Sr. No.	Project	Sponsor(s)	Project Director/ Faculty	Current Status
1.	Understanding Financial Behaviour of Urban Migrant Workers: The Case of Surat City	Indian School of Microfinance for Women, Ahmedabad	Biswaroop Das Gagan Bihari Sahu	<i>Completed</i>
2.	Experiences of City Life: Contemporary Surat and the Question of Belongingness	Indian Council of Social Science Research (ICSSR), New Delhi	Sadan Jha	<i>Completed</i>
3.	Survey and Documentation of Non-Resident Gujaratis' (NRG) Contribution towards the Development of Surat District (Vatan Seva Project)	Non Resident Gujarati Foundation (NRGF) of Government of Gujarat (GoG)	Akash Acharya	<i>Completed</i>
4.	A Post-Resettlement and Rehabilitation (R&R) study of Project Affected Families (PAFs) of Madhya Pradesh and Maharashtra of Sardar Sarovar Project Resettled in Gujarat	Sardar Sarovar Project Agency (SSPA), Vadodara	Arjun Patel	<i>Completed</i>
5.	Searching for Space in Globalisation Era: Fringe Sector Livelihood Earners in Urban Economy – The Case of Surat City (Gujarat state)	ICSSR, New Delhi	Kiran Desai	<i>Completed</i>
6.	Capital, Labour and the City: Unorganised Sector and the Social Fabric of Surat	ICSSR, New Delhi	Kiran Desai Biswaroop Das Akash Acharya Vimal Trivedi Sadan Jha	<i>Ongoing</i>

Sr. No.	Project	Sponsor(s)	Project Director/ Faculty	Current Status
7.	Trends in Consumer Protection and Awareness with Special Reference to Health and Health Insurance Services: A Study in Surat City and its Surrounding Rural Areas	IIPA, New Delhi	B. Devi Prasad Vimal Trivedi	<i>Ongoing</i>
8.	An Exploration into Nutritional Status of Tribal Communities in Gujarat	ICSSR, New Delhi	Gagan Bihari Sahu	<i>Ongoing</i>
9.	Understanding Nutritional Status of Tribal Community with Special Focus on ICDS Services: A Study in Dediapada Taluka (Gujarat) and of Kathkari Community in Malvan and Devgarh Talukas (Maharashtra)	Child Rights and You (CRY), Mumbai	Gagan Bihari Sahu	<i>Ongoing</i>
10.	A Sociological Study of Exodus of Dalits in Rural Gujarat	ICSSR, New Delhi	Arjun Patel	<i>Ongoing</i>
11.	A Select Bibliography of Gujarat Society	ICSSR, New Delhi	Seema Shukla	<i>Ongoing</i>
12.	Educational Status of Scheduled Castes in Gujarat: Attainments and Challenges	ICSSR, New Delhi	Naresh Chauhan	<i>Ongoing</i>
13.	Educational Status of Scheduled Tribes in Gujarat: Attainments and Challenges	ICSSR, New Delhi	J. C. Patel	<i>Ongoing</i>

Sr. No.	Project	Sponsor(s)	Project Director/ Faculty	Current Status
14.	Democracy, Civil Society and Governance	ICSSR, New Delhi	Ghanshyam Shah	<i>Ongoing</i>
15.	Development, Deprivation and Discontent: A Case Study of the Dangs: 1947-2009	ICSSR, New Delhi	Satyakam Joshi	<i>Ongoing</i>
16.	Tribes in Gujarat: Interrogating Social Change and Development	ICSSR, New Delhi	Dinesh Chaudhari Satyakam Joshi Akash Acharya	<i>Initiated</i>
17.	A Study of Food Security of the Tribals in Gujarat	ICSSR, New Delhi	Gagan Bihari Sahu Satyakam Joshi	<i>Initiated</i>

I. NEW PROJECTS INITIATED DURING THE YEAR

1. Tribes in Gujarat: Interrogating Social Change and Development

Sponsor: ICSSR, New Delhi

Researchers: Dinesh Chaudhari, Satyakam Joshi and Akash Acharya

Gujarat has a sizable proportion of tribal population (14.8%, census 2011) which is almost double the national average (8.6%, census 2011). The tribal population of Gujarat is concentrated in the eastern hilly region and the forest belt from Banaskantha district in north to the Dangs district in south. Due to construction of various irrigation projects, a large number of tribals have been displaced from their native lands, forcing them to migrate to towns and cities in search of employment. The present study will review the legislative framework pertaining to the tribals by focusing on acts like Panchayats Extension to Scheduled Areas (PESA), Forest Rights Act (FRA) etc. and understanding issues associated with their implementation at the field level. Experiences of various tribal groups and agencies of the state in the process of implementing such legal frameworks will also be studied. The study will also focus on land alienation, displacement, livelihoods and migration patterns and their interconnectedness. The project also has a component aimed at

understanding the status of health among tribals. Under this component, indigenous healing system of tribals will be studied and an attempt will be made to comprehend changes that have taken place over a period of time resulting in dilution, integration or replacement of indigenous healing system with the modern allopathic health care system. In 2004, government of Gujarat appointed *Kwolghi* committee to identify the most backward talukas of Gujarat. The committee used 44 development indicators to identify backward talukas and 19 tribals talukas were identified as most backward talukas. We plan to select one village from each of these most backward tribal talukas for an in-depth inquiry. In order to understand the ground realities and create a village profile, a baseline census study of all village households will be undertaken by including major components of sub-themes.

2. A Study of Food Security of the Tribals in Gujarat

Sponsor : ICSSR, New Delhi

Researchers : Gagan Bihari Sahu and Satyakam Joshi

Ensuring food security has been an issue of great importance in India. Despite being a country with substantial food grain production, we are still a nation with the highest number of malnourished children. Output indicators of food and nutrition seem to be very low for Scheduled tribes in India and particularly in Gujarat. Socio-economic indicators place them at the lowest end of development. Within this context, the present study will examine the extent, nature and dimensions of food insecurity at the household level in the tribal belt of Gujarat.

The specific objectives of the study are: (1) What programmes and policies India has followed in order to realize food and nutrition security? Mapping the coordination and contradictions between the state and central government, if any, during implementation of these programmes. Are there any special provisions earmarked in the existing programmes to ensure food security in tribal region?; (2) To identify leakages and constraints created by interest groups in the process of distribution of food/food grains at local level; (3) To estimate the contribution of government 'food security' programmes towards the households; (4) Examine the efforts made by the households to bridge the gap, if any, in order to attain food security; and (5) To make an assessment of who does what in order to bridge the gap between 'need and received'.

II. ONGOING PROJECTS (Initiated before 2013-2014)

1. Capital, Labour and the City: Unorganised Sector and the Social fabric of Surat

Sponsor: ICSSR, New Delhi

Researchers: Kiran Desai, Biswaroop Das, Vimal Trivedi, Akash Acharya and Sadan Jha

This study looks at the inter-relation of four crucial components: capital, labour, migration and the social relationship in the changing milieu of Surat. By examining the complex web of these forces, this research programme proposes to focus at three levels – (a) relationship of production in unorganised production units, (b) migrant workers and unorganised labour market and, (c) social and urban milieu of capital and labour in Surat. The project draws its relevance from the current context of liberalisation and its impact on sections of labour engaged in industrial activities, especially in the ‘unorganized’ sector of Surat. Placed within the changed context of neo-liberal policy since 1991, the study intends to address issues and questions confronted by labour and capital particularly in the unorganised or informal sector of the city. This study will look at the dynamics of capital and labour within an industrial setup and also aim to unfold the dynamics of relationship between such forces and the city of Surat. The wider aim is to understand the manner in which capital and labour intersect with the immediate physical and social milieu of the city. The study has begun in March 2013.

This study has following components. An abstract of each component of the study is presented below.

(a)

Capital, Labour and Social Groups: With Reference to Unorganised Industrial sector of the City

Researchers: Kiran Desai and Vimal Trivedi

The three mainline industries of Surat; textile, diamond and embroidery provide employment to around 18 lakh workers. Migrants mainly coming from states such as Orissa, Andhra Pradesh, Uttar Pradesh, Bihar and Maharashtra are found to be working in different kinds of units of textile industry. On the other hand the diamond industry is known for its

peculiar industrial relations. The industry has predominant presence of Saurashtra Patels across both; capital and labour. Recurrent cycle of recessions in both the premier industries of Surat during last two decades has resulted into establishment of Embroidery units mainly during the last decade. Saurashtra Patels appear to have invested more into this type of industrial production for the purpose of diversification. The component of labour in all the three industries offers interesting and relevant subject of research especially in order to have comprehensive understanding of labour scenario of unorganised sector industrial activities of Surat city.

The proposed research also plans to unearth as to how the capital, i.e. the owners of textile and diamond industries are coping with changing economic milieu and also would try to understand their emphatic presence in social-political spheres due to their economic rise, especially in the case of diamond industry.

(b)

Urban Labour Market and Informal Jobs in Surat: A Study of the Lower Level Sales

Researcher: Biswaroop Das

This is a small component of a larger study entitled, '*Capital, Labour and the City: Unorganised Sector and the Social Fabric of Surat*'. Aimed at understanding the manner in which the petty/lower level sales sector in Surat is distributed across the city and the ways different enterprises within it are organized and function, the study attempts to (i) make an inventory of the types of units, (ii) narrate as to how these enterprises survive, sustain or succumb within specific urban economies; and (iii) how they are managed by individuals and families including those who are migrant entrepreneurs. The enquiry would be based on (a) broad mapping and (b) case studies of entrepreneurs across groups. Essentially, the study would be a mix of ethnographic and survey methods.

(c)

The Social and Spatial entanglements of Capital, Labour and the City

Researcher: Sadan Jha

Located within the larger context of urban dynamics and their relationship with capital and labour in Surat, this study looks at the

changing character of a selected neighbourhoods, communities and market places deploying ethnographic method consisted of long conversations (formal as well as informal) with people who inhabit and work at such locations) and observations. In its core, this segment of the research aims to explore spatial dynamics of capital and labour, an aspect that has been often ignored in social science research in India. The nature of responses by communities having varied social and historical embeddedness in the city and the manner in which these communities negotiate with the urban growth ushered directly by capital and labour hope to reveal social spatial entanglements of capital, labour and the city. So far a good number of individuals from communities (including Gola, Ghanchi, Khatri, Mahyavanshi, Marwari and migrants from Maharashtra), neighbourhoods (like Golwad, Kharwarnagar, Begumpura, Varachha and Rander) and market places (including Chouta, Bhagal, Textile market and Rangila Park) have been explored. A monograph and a couple of research articles are planned as an outcome of this exercise.

(d)

Health Issues of Migrant workers in Textile & Diamond Sector in Surat

Researcher: Akash Acharya

According to ILO estimates more than 2 million people die due to work related diseases each year and this figure is more than 1 lakh in case of India. Far more people become victim of injury at worksite and suffer. Occupational health and safety are being given increasing importance in industrial houses for workers' safety, productivity and welfare of workers. Major focus of occupational health issues have remained on mining, construction etc. and so far not much literature is available for health hazard in textile and diamond industry. Surat is considered to be one of the fastest growing cities in Asia with its population touching almost 5 million by now. Industries like textile (powerloom, dying-printing, embroidery etc.) and diamond polishing units have remained major drivers of this growth and both these sectors have sizable migrant population. These industries still remain traditional functioning mostly as small scale units (SSIs). The proposed project aims to explore health issues of textile and diamond workers from occupational health perspective, migration health perspective and urban health system perspective. In terms of fieldwork, both quantitative and qualitative methodologies (mixed methods) will be used to understand health issues of migrant workers. Initial exploration would involve talking with industry associations, NGOs working in these localities, few owners and migrant

workers to get an idea about the ground level situation and develop study variables. Few case studies (particularly of ex-workers now out of the workforce for health reasons) will also be developed.

2. Trends in Consumer Protection and Awareness with special reference to Insurance and Health Services: a Case Study of Surat City and Surrounding Rural Areas

Sponsor: Indian Institute of Public Administration (IIPA), New Delhi

Researchers: B. Devi Prasad and Vimal Trivedi

India is a fast growing economy and is emerging as one of the major hubs for potential consumer market. The economic reform in 1990s, the globalized economy, advancement of technology and the aggressive marketing strategy have not only added innumerable services but also opened up wide variety of choices to consumers. This situation, at the same time brought problems of quality and safety into the forefront. Market economy with its inherent profit motive in mass production and sales opens up scope to producers of these services to exploit customers. It also takes time for the transition to happen from the 'sellers market' to a 'buyers market'. In fact, the level of awareness of consumer can be taken as an indicator of the progress of a country. Besides, the role of a regulatory authority to offset the deceptive practices in pricing, promotion and delivering low quality services is equally important. In Surat city and surrounding rural area, so far no such study examining the consumers' experiences, awareness levels and their responses was taken up. As a fast growing city with the presence of both public and private health services, the findings of the study will throw light on the behaviour and perceptions of urban and rural consumer as well as factors influencing their redressal seeking actions. The aim of the study is to examine, from the consumer's perspective, the trends in the consumer protection and consumers' awareness about their rights in the changing socio economic scenario of a fast growing city and surrounding rural areas.

3. An Exploration into Nutritional Status of Tribal Communities in Gujarat

Sponsor: ICSSR, New Delhi

Researcher: Gagan Bihari Sahu

Tribals are among of the most underprivileged and impoverished sections of the society. Several surveys point at poor nutritional status and low

food consumption by them. However, these tend to see them as homogenous entity overlooking the cultural and material differences across various groups. The data thus conceal the situation of more marginalised within them. It also fails to capture the relative status of each tribe with respect to nutrition.

The proposed study, therefore, intends to investigate the nutritional status and vulnerability among tribal communities who are located differently on the ladder of socio-economic development. It intends to assess the nutritional status of four tribal communities namely Konkana, Gamit, Kotwalia and Kolgha belonging to major and primitive tribal groups. Assessment of their nutritional status will be made by anthropometric measurements while their food system will be investigated by collecting ethnographic details to understand the issues in food and nutrition.

The exploration is likely to bring insights on the access and availability of food to these communities. In addition, it would also create a database on their nutritional status that could be useful in making relevant policies.

4. Understanding Nutritional Status of Tribal Community with Special Focus on ICDS Services: A Study in Dediypada Taluka (Gujarat) and of Kathkari Community in Malvan and Devgarh Talukas (Maharashtra)

Sponsor: Child Rights & You (CRY), Mumbai

Researcher: Gagan Bihari Sahu

Nutrition plays a vital role in the physical growth and mental development of individuals. It can be defined as a substance that must be consumed as part of a diet to provide a source of energy, material for growth or for energy production. Nutritional disorder during the crucial period of early childhood leads to growth retardation, which may cause residual effects later. Malnutrition, in general, can result in reduced productivity, low recovery from illness and increased susceptibility to infections. A woman with poor nutritional status has a greater risk of obstructed labour, having a baby with a low birth weight and/or adverse pregnancy outcomes, producing lower quality breast milk and illness for herself and her baby.

While its importance in attaining the potentials of worthy life is well recognized, it is also an issue pertaining to the right to dignified living as enshrined in the constitution. To fulfil the obligations of nutrition towards

children, in our country, an Integrated Child Development Scheme (ICDS) has been introduced in 1975. This scheme has been instrumental in improving the health of mothers and children under the age of six years by providing health and nutrition education, health services, supplementary food and pre-school education and also special care is provided to the children identified as severely malnourished. The implementation of ICDS has passed more than three decades but still the nutritional status of the important segments is far behind the expected levels. Importantly, the level of malnutrition in case of tribal belts of the nation is exceptionally high. Against this backdrop, the present study attempts to measure the level of malnutrition among children belonging to the tribal communities with special focus on ICDS beneficiaries. The study also explores the role of ICDS in improving the nutritional status in Dediapada Taluka of Narmada District in Gujarat and in Malvan & Devgarh blocks of Sindhudurg district in Maharashtra.

Data for the study have been collected through canvassing of a structured questionnaire from 20 villages in Dediapada Taluka and six villages in Malvan and Devgarh blocks of Sindhudurg district of Maharashtra. Data analysis is in progress and draft report is under preparation.

5. A Sociological Study of Exodus of Dalits in Rural Gujarat

Sponsor: ICSSR, New Delhi

Researcher: Arjun Patel

The main objective of the study is to understand the nature of caste relations, particularly of the dalits and non-dalits in Gujarat with reference to the social structure and the changes that have taken place in the wider society in post 1960s. Various studies reveal that social relations among various castes in Gujarat remain no more harmonious. The incident of dalit conflicts in the state often appears in the local newspapers and periodicals. Gujarat stands fourth in India in terms of the number of such incidents per one lakh population. The worrisome fact is that there are dozens of cases of Dalit exodus from rural Gujarat during the last three decades. Dalit exodus from villages like Bhilji-Aniyani, Valar, Mithapur, Neshda, Vaghad, Cher, Surval, Adval, Khatin, Papli, Dholera, Detroj, Balsiyali, Kalmodar, Ramparda, Kadipur, Bhojpur, Sondha, Shahpur, Ramodar, Dhanla, Bhadiyad, Kadi, Sandhida, Chavad, Sitapur, Pankhan is quite prominent.

The question of en-mass exodus of Dalits is very complex. It is often difficult to understand such issue superficially. What led the dalits to take the extreme step for en-mass exodus from their original village, where they have been residing for generations together? What are the structural reasons of it? How the conditions of dalits and non-dalits have changed over the last 40 years or so? How these changes have affected their relations? What are the different forms of untouchability and discrimination of the dalits that are practiced in rural Gujarat? What kinds of problems dalits face during the process of exodus? What was the role played by the government bureaucracy, police, media, court etc. in such incidents? This study addresses these questions by analysing the data on the above issues collected from the villages mentioned above. Data has been collected through informal talk, FGD and by canvassing an interview schedule. Report writing is in progress.

6. Educational Status of Scheduled Castes in Gujarat: Attainments and Challenges

Sponsor: ICSSR, New Delhi

Researcher: Naresh Chauhan (Assistant Professor, Department of Economics, Gujarat Vidyapith, Ahmedabad)

The present study focuses on five major aspects of the educational status among SC students as well as non-SC students. It covers educational institutions at all levels: primary school, middle school, high school, colleges offering professional (medical, engineering, management students as control group: a) access; b) drop-out and stagnation; c) performance; d) availability of facilities; and e) discrimination in and outside the class/institution affecting educational performance, etc. and non-professional degrees (arts, commerce, science, etc.) and vocational training institutions. The units of fieldwork include households as well as educational institutions in both rural and urban areas. The study covers both government as well as private educational institutions. The study mostly relies on quantitative data collected from the field. The study covers 1500 students and the same number of households. Data analysis and report writing is under progress.

7. Educational Status of Scheduled Tribes in Gujarat: Attainments and Challenges

Sponsor: ICSSR, New Delhi

Researcher: J.C. Patel (Professor, Department of Sociology, Gujarat University, Ahmedabad)

The present study focuses on five major aspects of the educational status among ST students as well as non-ST students. It covers educational institutions at all levels: primary school, middle school, high school, colleges offering professional (medical, engineering, management students as control group: a) access; b) drop-out and stagnation; c) performance; d) availability of facilities; and e) discrimination in and outside the class/institution affecting educational performance, etc. and non-professional degrees (arts, commerce, science, etc.) and vocational training institutions. The units of fieldwork include households as well as educational institutions in both rural and urban areas. The study covers both government as well as private educational institutions. The study mostly relies on quantitative data collected from the field. The study covers 1500 students and the same number of households. Data analysis and report writing is under progress.

The above two projects (6 & 7) are part of a national study commissioned by the ICSSR. Ghanshyam Shah is the national coordinator of the study. This is a restudy of the fifteen-state study entitled "Problems of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes Students" that the ICSSR had commissioned in 1974-75. During that time too CSS was the nodal agency for the study and I.P. Desai was the convenor. The Centre has taken up a number of capacity building measures for the staff working at various levels in these projects.

8. Democracy, Civil Society and Governance

Sponsor: ICSSR, New Delhi

Researcher: Ghanshyam Shah

While economic inequality emerges as a stumbling block in the democratic functioning of a nation, changing its economic structure alone cannot deliver democracy fully. This is because it generates other kinds of inequalities in its political and socio-cultural spheres. The processes of cultural awakening, building an egalitarian society and democratic systems have to go hand in hand. There is an intrinsic onus on the

democratic state, the civil society and elite to create the environment, the system and modus operandi of governance to develop capabilities of all the citizens and enable them to meaningfully participate in the decision making processes for common good.

In spite of the political system eroding social inequality to some extent and challenging the traditional ascribed authority at all levels, inequality has increased. Conflicts between haves and have-nots have continued with the incremental democratization of society. With the neo-liberal idea of the 'end of ideology,' further expansion of democratization has been vitiated. Democratic social transformation has reached an impasse.

The central questions of the present inquiry are as to what extent after six decades of Republic, India has moved in the direction of egalitarian social order? What has it attained, and what emerge as the stumbling blocks in the process? What role civil society plays in policy making and governance to empower people? Whether nature of governance in the last six decades have accelerated or hampered empowerment of people? With an all India perspective, the study will focus on Gujarat. A political economy approach will be adopted to analyze the empirical reality. Theoretical chapters have already been drafted and rest of the work is in progress.

9. Development, Deprivation and Discontent: A Case Study of the Dang: 1947-2009

Sponsor: ICSSR, New Delhi

Researcher: Satyakam Joshi

Following the colonial as well as the Indian government's forest policy, tribals have been increasingly denied their rights over the use of forest. When they resisted they were brutally suppressed by the state. The corrupt tribal political leadership has sidelined the core issues of ownership of land and natural resources.

Present study aims to capture these developments in Dangs district of Gujarat after Independence. It also attempts to understand the developmental processes in post-Independence Dangs with reference to the nature of politics that shaped the relationship of different stake holders and the natural habitat in the district. The study also aims at analyzing the influence of changing state policies on the emergence of

new stakeholders at different points in time. Finally, the study seeks to document the development processes and people's perception of the issues of equity, social justice and ownership of natural resources in the context of these processes.

The field of research is the district of Dangs. This study is mainly descriptive and exploratory in nature. The key respondents in this study are various stakeholders who have contributed in the process of development. Study intends to hold 100 to 125 in-depth interviews with key stakeholders. Out of a total of 309 villages in Dangs, 5 villages have been visited for understanding people's perceptions. The selection of the villages was done on criteria based on their socio-economic and cultural composition. Participant observation method has been used for collecting information. Apart from data gathered from stakeholders, this study heavily relies upon a wide range of secondary data. Report writing is in progress.

10. A Select Bibliography on Gujarat Society

Sponsor: ICSSR, New Delhi

Researcher: Seema Shukla

For any scholar, the need to find relevant research material and references becomes important mainly when one intends to focus his/her work on understanding various issues and layers of social, cultural and economic aspects of the state. Although, there are a number of university libraries and research libraries in Gujarat, finding which and what kind of information is available in them on various subjects concerning the State becomes difficult.

In view of the above, the present study attempts to prepare a bibliography and an Union Catalogue of resources available in these libraries. An attempt has been made to collect relevant references through Books, chapters from edited books, articles in selected Journals, research reports etc., available in various libraries in the State. The main objective of this work is to facilitate researchers/readers, who want to locate works undertaken on Gujarat. It also aims to help researchers in finding out as to where and in which form such information is available in the libraries in the state under a single source.

III. STUDIES COMPLETED DURING THE YEAR

1. **Understanding Financial Behaviour of Urban Migrant Workers: The Case of Surat City**

Sponsor : Indian School of Micro-Finance for Women, Ahmedabad

Researchers: Biswaroop Das and Gagan Bihari Sahu

Engaged in marginal occupations and unregulated jobs, a large section of workers in Indian cities come from households that struggle to survive on weak economic and meagre resource bases across its villages and small towns in the countryside. Trying to find a firm grip over a range of unprotected segments and job types, they continue to struggle and negotiate with changing employment scenario and wage conditions in the informal as well as formal sectors of urban labour markets. Informalization of labour and casualization of jobs has been an overwhelming feature of urban economies in south Asian cities since long. And the process appears to have increased in its density as well as intensity particularly since the last two decades. This has enhanced a wide range of social and economic insecurities among workers; unleashed uncertainties associated with their survival and sustenance in job markets, and eroded their capacities to negotiate for better wages and security. In spite of such subjugating forces, city ward movements of workers continue and have indeed been on the rise across specific cities and particular sectors. This is compounded and triggered by diminishing returns from cultivation and allied occupations at many of the rural sites in the country. Induced by such factors and facilitated often by kith-kin-peer networks, these are generally 'male-centric' urban migration where workers compete with each other for jobs while living at sites having miserable living conditions. Social and economic context of workers' locations in such cities and the manner in which they respond and tend to negotiate with such sites and structures over the time, determine their overall financial behaviour in terms of earnings, expenditure, savings, indebtedness and remittances. The present study emerged out of a curiosity to comprehend such financial behaviour of migrant workers located particularly in the 'informal' sectors of the city of Surat which is a hub of industries, firms, enterprises and trade in the western Indian State of Gujarat.

Located in the city of Surat, the study is based on a sample of 170 male migrant respondents coming to the city from the states of Rajasthan, Orissa, Bihar and Uttar Pradesh. Data for the study have been collected through canvassing of a structured schedule from different pockets within the city.

The findings suggest that (i) migration of workers from rural to urban areas is caused by a complex set of reasons which cannot be located within the binary opposites of 'pull' and 'push' factors; (ii) women left behind in villages continue to remain within the boundaries of patriarchy except in case of nuclear families where through a gradual process of contests and resistance they tend to 're-position' themselves, albeit up to a socially acceptable limit; (iii) tribal groups generally avoid long distance migration and often move in a channelled manner to specific sectors; (iv) movement of people from rural areas flows through specific corridors and is often routed through kith-kin-peer networks consolidating a 'mono-directional' entry pattern; (v) prior to their migration, most have an idea about the sector in which they are likely to be employed; (vi) a pronounced lack of job security affects most of these migrant workers particularly in jobs associated with power looms, embroidery, diamond polishing, dyeing and printing and lower level services; (vii) monthly average income of these workers in Surat does not go beyond Rs. 6379 of which 36 per cent gets consumed in the city; (viii) expenditure behaviour varies across groups with migrants from Rajasthan appearing more thrifty; (viii) Over the time there has been a notable rise in average expenditure among migrants on non-food items; (ix) remittances from these migrants though do not add any robust value to the well-being of their families back in villages, they do act as a 'life-line' to most of them; (x) around 44 per cent of remittance money goes towards consumption while 10 per cent of it goes towards consumption; (xi) most migrants know as to how and under what head(s) money remitted by them is used by households in the villages; (xii) of the anticipated events for which extra money were to be remitted, marriage occupies the most pronounced place followed by medical exigencies; (xiii) migrants in the city remain indebted to a significant extent, for they borrow from several sources; and (xiv) their savings in the city are small with as many as 78 per cent of them not having any bank account.

2. Experiences of City Life: Contemporary Surat and the Question of Belongingness.

Sponsor: ICSSR, New Delhi

Researcher: Sadan Jha

Looking at the changing landscape of the city and its social fabric in the last five decades, the research has explored urban experiences and the narratives of belongingness in Surat. The category of contemporary everyday urban experiences has been rendered as a constellation of narratives of localities, events, public spaces and social relationships particularly highlighting the question of belongingness in the changing milieu of this city. The core question asked was how does politics of belongingness shape the urban life in Surat since 1960s. Surat with deep roots in the multicultural past has been transformed tremendously in these decades. The broader question was how to approach this amorphous and less explored, but a heterogeneous field of urban experiences.

The study has underlined the relevance of engaging with urban experience and has tried to distinguish experience from knowledge. A broad theoretical canvas has been taken to locate current exercise in the discourse on urban experience by mobilizing examples from three key thinkers on the subject: David Harvey, Walter Benjamin and Georg Simmel. Secondly, insights are borrowed from feminist and dalit studies to help acquire a perspective and approach to specificities of experience and to critic the universalist project of science and objectivity. The report has further engaged with the figure of 'flaneur' and looked at the contradiction between the representational registers and experiential dynamics in the making of contemporary Surat. The narratives suggest strange trajectory in and through which geographies are connected in the making of an urban experience. Geographies and personal life histories are further expanded to argue that linkages of a non-metropolitan city like Surat as made of aspirations. The landscape of this city, for dalits, is also filled with opportunities, an insatiable desire move ahead and leaves us grappling with the question of where to place belongingness vis-à-vis desires and a yearning for better future. This terrain of belongingness also produces and in turn gets produced in and through the figure of other in a city. The study claims that we come face to face with a complex intermingling of spatial dynamics, forces of modernity and rapid distancing of communities from each other who had shared spatial proximities not in distant past. In the fast changing milieu of Surat this has

resulted into a crystallization of the feeling of otherness jarring the possibility of collective belongingness of heterogeneous experiences.

This research was sponsored by Indian Council of Social Science Research.

3. Survey and Documentation of Non Resident Gujaratis' (NRG) Contribution towards the Development of Surat District (Vatan Seva Project)

Sponsor: Non-Resident Gujarati Foundation, Gandhinagar

Researcher: Akash Acharya

Non-Resident Gujarati (NRG), a term used for Gujarati Diaspora, is of recent origin which is derived from 'Non-Resident Indian' (NRI), a well-known term both in literature and day to day communication. International migration from one country to the other has been happening since long and is on the rise. There is good amount of literature on Indian Diaspora that deals with such communities from various angles like economics of migration, socio-cultural aspects, caste and religious profile, historical roots, Diaspora literature on 'longing', gender aspects of migration or independent female migrants, migration from key Indian states like Kerala etc. Of late there has also been focus on "return migration" as many NRIs are coming back for variety of reasons. Earlier, International migration was seen as "brain drain" and terms like human capital flight were in vogue as only the destination countries were seen as beneficiaries. However, there has been a shift in this stance and these days Diaspora is seen more as brain circulation or brain bank as even the source countries are receiving many benefits, for example, remittance. NRI remittances in the last financial year 2012-13 were \$75 billion which is the largest quantum of remittance in the world and is larger than FDI and portfolio investments put together. This has given Diaspora a special place in government policy and now Government of India celebrates Pravasi Bhartiya Divas on 9th January every year, a day on which Mahatma Gandhi (also an NRG for 21 years) came back from South Africa.

Gujarat being a coastal state, has a long tradition of overseas trade and Gujarati business houses have existed in Africa since thirteenth century. Gujaratis are known for their business skills since ages and have been migrating abroad during British period to begin with East African countries. Gujarati Diaspora is considered to be quite large in terms of size (more than 6 million), vibrant and they are settled in North America,

Europe, Africa, Australia, New Zealand, etc. One of the peculiar characteristic of NRG community is to maintain links with their homeland (vatan) by being culturally rooted in Gujarat even while staying abroad. They have been also involved in relief work at the time of natural calamities like floods, earth quake etc. NRGs have also been active in doing “development” related works by donating in schools, building hospital and other infrastructural facilities in their native villages. Though there are some media stories showcasing such work, there have been no systematic survey and documentation aimed at measuring NRG contribution to their native villages. This project aims at surveying and documenting such NRG supported activities in Surat district. The survey team has found 123 villages in Surat district (out of total 723) where such activities have been found.

4. A Post-Resettlement and Rehabilitation (R&R) study of Project Affected Families (PAFs) of Madhya Pradesh and Maharashtra of Sardar Sarovar Project Resettled in Gujarat

Sponsor: SSPA, Vadodara

Researcher: Arjun Patel

The present exercise of the M&E of PAFs of Maharashtra (MH) and Madhya Pradesh (MP) of Sardar Sarovar Project (SSP) is in continuation of the larger project that CSS has been engaged since long. Though, the earlier studies carried out by the Centre were confined to the PAFs from Gujarat State, the present one deals with PAFs from Maharashtra (MH) and Madhya Pradesh (MP). Around, 5657 PAFs from MP and 806 from MH have settled down in Gujarat.

To what extent the R&R of the PAFs of MH and MP have been carried out successfully? Whether it has been completed as per the R&R commitments of the SSP? What are the perceptions of PAFs from both states about their R&R? To what extent PAFs from MP and MH have been integrated into the new environment? In what ways their life styles have changed in the new places? These questions will throw light on the existing status of R&R and the difficulties the PAFs are facing in their R&R sites.

From the list of PAFs, a total of 820 SFs consisting of 120 SFs from MH and 700 SFs from MP were selected proportionately for an in-depth study. Specific interview schedules had been prepared and canvassed to collect information at village and household levels.

The final version of the report was submitted to SSPA, Vadodara which comprises of 11 chapters including brief introduction of the project, the emergence of R&R Policy of SSP, the displacement and resettlement packages offered by SSPA, Socio-economic profile of the PAFs, the economic condition of the PAFs, Civic amenities provided by SSPA at R&R sites and its status, aspect of health and health care seeking behavior, the process of socio-cultural integration at individual and institutional levels, social life and process of 'social integration' followed by conclusions and recommendations. The study concludes that the PAFs of MH and MP are still struggling for "*proper rehabilitation*" even after spending more than a decade at the R&R sites.

5. Searching for Space in Globalisation Era: Fringe Sector Livelihood Earners in Urban Economy – The Case of Surat City (Gujarat state).

Sponsor: ICSSR, New Delhi

Researcher : Kiran Desai

The study aims to capture and locate livelihood options available in the fringe sector of the urban economy. As the situation is unrolling during last decade or so in the neo-liberal regime, activities of organised sector have been making exit as more and more big industrial units are getting closed. Even otherwise secured employment is on decline. Advent of globalisation has intensified this marginalisation process of working people. These large masses of 'pushed out' people have to depend on multitude of activities in the fringe sector for survival. Urban economy still provides host of activities for livelihood to the people in this sector which is amorphous in nature and provide scope for sustenance to large masses. The area of the study is Surat and has delineated nature and types of activities covered under the gamut of Fringe Sector, profile, living and working conditions of the fringe sector earners as well as their coping mechanism against adversities and their perceptions over related issues.

IV. RESEARCH PROPOSALS SUBMITTED:

<i>Sl. No</i>	<i>Proposals</i>	<i>Faculty</i>	<i>Submission Date</i>	<i>Funding Agency</i>
1.	Public-Private Partnerships as a strategy to universalise access to reproductive health services in India: A situational analysis <i>(Not selected)</i>	Akash Acharya	April, 2013	ESRC-DFID
2.	Flow of Institutional Credit to farm Households in Rural India: A Study in Gujarat, Odisha, Rajasthan and Andhra Pradesh <i>(Not selected)</i>	Gagan Bihari Sahu (in collaboration with Institute of Development Studies, Jaipur; Nabakrushna Choudhury Centre for Development Research, Odisha and Centre for Economic and Social Studies, Hyderabad)	30 June, 2013	ICSSR, New Delhi
3.	Baseline survey of socio-economic status of women in Vyara block of Tapi District <i>(Not selected)</i>	Akash Acharya	August, 2013	UNDP
4.	Impact Assessment of Major Technological Development and Intervention by the ICAR and SAUs: A Study of Krishi Vigyan Kendra in Odisha <i>(No response so far)</i>	Gagan Bihari Sahu Sitakanta Sethy	6 August, 2013	Indian Council of Agricultural Research, New Delhi
5.	Impact Assessment of Major Technological Development and Intervention by the ICAR and SAUs: A Study of Krishi Vigyan Kendra in Odisha <i>(No response so far)</i>	Gagan Bihari Sahu Sitakanta Sethy	6 August, 2013	Indian Council of Agricultural Research, New Delhi
6.	Educational and Social status of Jats with reference to others in Gujarat <i>(Pending with ICSSR)</i>	Akash Acharya	September, 2013	ICSSR, New Delhi

V. MAJOR EVENTS

I. P. Desai Memorial Lecture

Prof. David Hardiman (Professor of History, University of Warwick) delivered 24th I. P. Desai Memorial Lecture on the topic "Non-violent Resistance in India 1915-1947" on 14th February 2014.

VI. PUBLICATIONS BY THE FACULTY

A. *Papers in Journals*

Sr. No.	Paper	Author(s)	Journal	Year/ Vol./ Issue/ pp.
1.	Politics of Governance: A Study of Gujarat	Ghanshyam Shah	<i>Studies in Indian Politics</i>	Vol.1(1) July 2013
2.	Dak Vachan: Proverbial wisdom from Mithila, Bihar	Sadan Jha	<i>Journal of History and Sociology of South Asia, Sage</i>	Vol. 8(1), January 2014:35-58
3.	Bhartiya Arthatantra: Dasha ane Disha	Akash Acharya	<i>Aarth Vikas</i>	February 2014: 16-19
4.	Challenges in the History of Colours: The Case of Saffron	Sadan Jha	<i>Indian Economic and Social History Review, Sage</i>	Vol.51 (2), April-June 2014:199-229
5.	Amerikan Samajman Bhartiya Vidushina Vyaktitva Ughadni Ekangi katrha (In Gujarati)	Kiran Desai	<i>Arthat</i>	Forthcoming

B. Papers in Edited Books

Sr. No.	Paper	Author(s)	Book	Publisher
1.	Samay ke Badale me Rāshtra (sic. Jagah) aur Rāshtra ke Badale Prānt: Renu aur Ānchalik Ādhunikta	Sadan Jha	In Abhay Dube (Ed.), <i>Hindi-Ādhunikā: Ek Punarvichār</i> , Vol. 2	All India Institute of Advance Studies, Shimla and Vani Prakashan, Delhi
2.	Good Governance for whom and for what?	Ghanshyam Shah	In Indira Hirway, Amita Shah and Ghanshyam Shah (Ed.), <i>Growth or Development: Which way is Gujarat Going.</i>	Oxford University Press (forthcoming)
3.	Social Dynamics of Private Primary Education in a Tribal Village of South Gujarat	Dinesh Chaudhari	Souvenir, National Seminar on Right to Education: Challenges and Strategies	NIRD, Hyderabad

VII. PUBLICATION BY THE CENTRE

The Centre continues to publish its quarterly Gujarati journal **Arthat**.

SEMINARS/WORKSHOPS/TRAINING PROGRAMMES AND OTHER ACTIVITIES ORGANISED BY THE CSS

1. Training Courses on "Research Methodology/Capacity Building Workshop for faculty in Social Sciences"

Sponsor: ICSSR, New Delhi

Coordinators: Arjun Patel (CSS, Surat) and Madhubhai Gayakwad (Veer Narmad South Gujarat University, Surat)

The major objective of the Course was based on learning expectations of participants to provide a broad-based exposure and build the philosophical and theoretical foundations of social science research. The

said programme was designed to enhance participant's understanding of social science research, analytical skills and reporting ability as well as to carry out their research endeavours. As a follow up of the programme, it is expected to facilitate a constant knowledge upgradation of scholars in their respective areas through sustained interaction between faculty and the students. The entire process is expected to promote innovations, value addition and its transmission to the students while teaching 'Research Methodology in Social Sciences'.

This training course was organised for 21 days in March 2014. A total of 25 faculty members of assistant professor level from various states of India have attended the event. Sitakanta Sethy and Shashi Saini have provided necessary assistance to execute the event successfully.

2. Training workshops on the "Foundation Skills for Data Analysis with SPSS"

Sponsor: ICSSR, New Delhi

Coordinator: Vimal Trivedi

This workshop was organized in four phases between April to July 2013 for the research staff of the study entitled '*Educational Status of SCs and STs: Attainments & Challenges*'. About 45 participants attended these workshops.

3. Round Table discussion on "Status of the Minorities in India and U.K.: With Special Reference to Women" on December 9, 2013

Coordinators: Satyakam Joshi (CSS, Surat) and Asad Mirza (British High Commission, New Delhi)

Mufti Yusuf Akudi, Abdul Basit Shaikh and Mohamed Mukadam, all three academicians from UK presented a paper on 'Status of Muslim Women in U.K.' while the paper on Status of Muslim Women in India and particularly in the context of Gujarat was presented by Kiran Desai, from CSS, Surat. Around 25 participants from Surat city were part of the discussion.

4. Workshop on “Unorganised Workers in Surat: Related Issues”

Coordinators: PRAYAS, Ahmedabad, and CSS, Surat at Shramjeevi Sewalaya, Surat on 24 March, 2014

In this workshop, presentations were made on “Tribal Migrant Workers in Sugarcane-cutting Activity”, “Workers in Brick-kilns” and “Migrant Workers in Construction Work of Surat” and “Globalization And Conditions of Workers” by Satyakam Joshi, Kiran Desai, Babubhai Desai, Bina, Sudhir, Harsukh Kathad and others, which were followed by discussion in which workers, labour leaders, labour department officials, academicians as well as individuals representing various civil society groups took part and deliberated on different dimensions and issues pertaining to migrant workforce working in Surat city. A line of action to protect their interest and measures to ameliorate their conditions were suggested.

VIII. COLLOQUIA AT THE CSS

During the year, the Centre organised following talks under its colloquia programme:

1. Ned Bertz, Visiting Faculty at Ambedkar University, Delhi and an Assistant Professor at the Department of History, University of Hawai'i delivered a seminar on "Between Diaspora and Nation in Indian Ocean History: Gujaratis in Tanzania " on March 3, 2014.
2. Robin Jeffrey (Institute of South Asian Studies, National University of Singapore) made a presentation on his forthcoming book on “Lessons from India about Waste, Recycling, Culture and Capitalism” on October 9, 2013.
3. Ajay Dandekar (Professor, School of Social Sciences, Central University Gujarat) gave a talk on “PESA: A Myth” and Narendra P. Chapalgaonkar (Rtd. Judge, Bombay High Court) on “Rule of Law, Principle and Practice” on October 1, 2013.

4. Jesse Buck, a Ph. D candidate from the Australian National University delivered a seminar on "Where Parsis, Hindus and Histories meet: Performing Encounters of Communal Coexistence" on September 20, 2013.
5. Sadan Jha delivered a seminar on "Experiences of City Life: Contemporary Surat and the Question of Belongingness" on July 31, 2013.

IX. PAPERS PRESENTED AT SEMINARS/WORKSHOPS/CONFERENCES

Sr. No.	Paper	Faculty	Seminar/ Workshop/ Conference	Date(s)
1.	Human Right Violations and Condition of Tribals of Gujarat	Satyakam Joshi	Training Programme for All India High Court Human Right Lawyers organized by Janvikas, Ahmedabad	June 5, 2013
2.	Social Dynamics of Private Primary Education in a Tribal Village of South Gujarat	Dinesh Chaudhari	National Seminar on Right to Education (RTE): Challenges and Strategies, NIRD, Hyderabad	August 29-31, 2013
3.	Society: Concept, Characteristics and Constitution	Kiran Desai	Workshop on Theatre in education: Self and Society, organised by V. T. Choksi Sarvajanic College of Education, Surat	October 17, 2013
4.	Social Context in Two Novels of Shri Jayant Gadeet	Kiran Desai	Contribution of Shri Jayant Gadeet in Gujarati Literature, organised by AKSHRA, Vadodara and Gujarati Sahitya Akadami, Gandhinagar, at Vadodara	November 26, 2013
5.	Construction on Cultural nationalism: A Study of Gujarat	Ghanshyam Shah	Israel, Palestine and South Asia: Seen Through the Prisms of Religious Nationalisms, Centre for Comparative Politics and Political Theory, SIS, JNU and ICSSR	February 14-15, 2014

X. LECTURES DELIVERED

<i>Sr. No.</i>	<i>Lecture</i>	<i>Faculty</i>	<i>Place/ Organised by</i>	<i>Date</i>
1.	Health Nutrition and Development: Understanding the Pathways	Akash Acharya	Training programme of Nutrition Project, CSS, Surat	13 May, 2013
2.	Ethics in social science research	Akash Acharya and Biswaroop Das	Training programme of Nutrition Project, CSS, Surat	20 May, 2013
3.	Theoretical Foundations of Social Science Research and Research Design	Kiran Desai	Training Workshop on Research Methodology for the SCs and STs Ph.D. and M.Phil. scholars at Hemchandracharya North Gujarat University, Patan	10 June, 2013
4.	What to do with the data in the workshop on Research Methodology in Social Science	Vimal Trivedi	Capacity building training program for teachers of Social Science organised by North Gujarat University, Patan	17 June, 2013.
5.	Quantitative and Qualitative Research Design, Interview and Observation Techniques and on field work	Satyakam Joshi	Training Programme on Research Methodology in Social Science at Hemchandracharya North Gujarat University, Patan	19 June, 2013
6.	Univariate, Bivariate and Multi Variate Analysis	Vimal Trivedi	SPSS South Asia Pvt Ltd, Bangalore at Department of Geography, M. S. University, Vadodara	27 July, 2013

Sr. No.	Lecture	Faculty	Place/ Organised by	Date
7.	t-test, One Way ANOVA, Chi-square test, Non-parametric test, Bivariate Correlation and Regression, Logistic Regression	Gagan Bihari Sahu	SPSS South Asia pvt Ltd, Bangalore at Department of Geography, M.S. University, Vadodara	27 July, 2013
8.	Lectures as a guest faculty on the subject of Development Programmes for Rural Artisans and Landless Labourers	Kiran Desai	Department of Rural Studies, Veer Narmad South Gujarat University, Surat	July, 2013
9.	Delivered a lecture on Ethics in Social Science Research to the PGDRM students	Akash Acharya	Department of Human Resource Development, VNSGU, Surat	19 September, 2013
10.	Gandhi and Non-violence in a course on 'Peace, Forgiveness and Non-violence: Perspectives from Gandhi, Martin Luther King and Alfred Korzybski'	Kiran Desai	Department of English, VNSGU, Surat	23-27 September, 2013
11.	Mahatma Gandhi and the Question of Representation in a course on Peace, Forgiveness and Non-Violence: perspectives from Gandhi, Martin Luthar King and Karzybski	Sadan Jha	Gujarat Adivasi Vikas Sankalan Samiti, at Vnasada, organized by Balwant Parekh Centre for General Semantics and other Human Sciences and Department of English, VNSG University, Surat	25 September, 2013
12.	Delivered a lecture on Ethics in Research to Management Students	Akash Acharya	Auro University, Surat	20 November, 2013

Sr. No.	Lecture	Faculty	Place/ Organised by	Date
13.	Relevance of Gandhian Thought in Contemporary time	Kiran Desai	Training Workshop on "Capacity Building" for the SC & ST Ph.D. and M.Phil. scholars and teachers at CSS, Surat	24 November, 2013
14.	Types of Data, Measurement of Data, Testing of Normality, and Advance features of SPSS	Vimal Trivedi	M. P. Institute of Social Sciences, Ujjain	30 November, 2013
15.	Gandhi and Tribal Development to students of International Course on "Gandhian Non-violence: Theory and Application"	Satyakam Joshi	Gujarat Vidyapith, Ahmedabad at Sanpoorna Kranti Vidyalaya, Vedacchi, Valod, Surat	18 December, 2013
16.	Codification of data, Preparation of Data for the analysis, and SPSS Advance features like working with the Syntax file	Vimal Trivedi	Training Workshop on Capacity Building at M.L. Sukhadia University, Udaipur	15 January, 2014
17.	Types of Data, t-test, One Way ANOVA, Bivariate Correlation, Bivariate Regression, Multiple Regression, Panel Data Analysis	Gagan Bihari Sahu	Workshop on Capacity Building, M.L. Sukhadia University, Udaipur	16 January, 2014
18.	Qualitative Research in Social Work	Satyakam Joshi	Department of Social Work, S.P. University, Anand	18 February, 2014
19.	Correlation: Concept, Use, Measurement and Explanation	Gagan Bihari Sahu	Certificate Course in SPSS, Department of Human Resource Development, VNSGU, Surat	18 February, 2014

Sr. No.	Lecture	Faculty	Place/ Organised by	Date
20.	Regression Analysis: Concept, Measurement and Interpretation	Gagan Bihari Sahu	Certificate Course in SPSS, Department of Human Resource Development, VNSGU, Surat	19 February, 2014
21.	Correlation and Regression Analysis	Gagan Bihari Sahu	Certificate Course in SPSS, Department of Human Resource Development, VNSGU, Surat	23 February, 2014
22.	Getting started with SPSS	Vimal Trivedi	Workshop organised by Utkal University, Bhubaneswar for the project staff of the study entitled ' <i>Educational Status of SC of Orissa: Attainments & Challenges</i> '	24-27 February, 2014
23.	SPSS: Getting Started	Akash Acharya	Maliba Pharmacy College, Uka Tarsadia University (UTU), Bardoli	6 March, 2014
24.	Urban Experience and the Politics of Belongingness: Changing landscape of a Non-Metropolitan City	Sadan Jha	Centre for Political Studies, J.N.U, New Delhi	5 March, 2014
25.	How to develop a Research Proposal?	Kiran Desai	Training Workshop on "Capacity Building" for the SCs and STs Ph.D. and M.Phil. scholars and teachers at CSS, Surat	8 March, 2014
26.	Introduction to Quantitative Research, Types of data, Concept of Survey Research, Sampling	Gagan Bihari Sahu	Capacity Building Programme for Social Science Faculty, CSS, Surat	9 March, 2014

Sr. No.	Lecture	Faculty	Place/ Organised by	Date
27.	Ethics in Social Science Research (ICSSR Faculty Capacity Development Programme)	Akash Acharya	CSS, Surat	14 March, 2014
28.	Internet as an Academic Tool (ICSSR Faculty Capacity Development Programme)	Akash Acharya	CSS, Surat	14 March, 2014
29.	Samaj vigyan me Itihas (Capacity Building Training Programme for social science teachers)	Sadan Jha	CSS, Surat	14 March, 2014
30.	Conditions of Unorganised Workers of South Gujarat (State Level Workshop on 'Unorganised Workers of Gujarat')	Satyakam Joshi	Prayash and Centre for Social Studies, Surat	24 March, 2014

XI. SEMINARS/ WORKSHOPS/ CONFERENCES ATTENDED

Sr. No.	Seminars/ Workshops/ Conferences	Institute(s)	Faculty	Acted as	Date(s)
1.	ATVT (Apano Taluko Vibrant Taluko) Report	Unnati, Ahmedabad for Planning Department, Government of Gujarat	Satyakam Joshi	Panel Discussant	27 April, 2013
2.	Ad-hoc Committee of the Master of Social Work	Veer Narmad South Gujarat University, Surat	Kiran Desai	Member	May, 2013
3.	Meeting of Ethics Committee	SMIMER	Akash Acharya	Attended	10 October, 2013

Sr. No.	Seminars/ Workshops/ Conferences	Institute(s)	Faculty	Acted as	Date(s)
4.	UNFPA Project dissemination workshop	Kharel Hospital	Akash Acharya	Attended	12 October, 2013
5.	NRG Committee meeting	SGCCI, Surat	Akash Acharya	Attended	12 October, 2013
6.	Training Programme on Migration and Development: Issues and Perspectives	VVGNNLI, NOIDA	Dinesh Chaudhari	Participated	28-31 October, 2013
7.	Lecture series	Central University of Gujarat, Gandhinagar	Biswaroop Das	Discussant	10-11, December, 2013
8.	Panel discussion on Competition and Regulatory Issues in Private Health Care in India	GIDR Ahmedabad	Akash Acharya	Attended	18 December, 2013
9.	Workshop on Problem of Drinking Water in Tribal Areas of Gujarat	AKRSP, Ahmedabad	Satyakam Joshi	Resource Person	29 March, 2014
10.	Orientation Programme in Social Sciences for SC/ST Research Scholars	MPISSR, Ujjain	Dinesh Chaudhari	Participated	24-28 February, 2014
11.	Capacity Building for Social science Faculty on Research Methodology	Centre for Social Studies, Surat	Dinesh Chaudhari	Participated	15-25, November, 2013 and 8-17 March, 2014

XII. OTHER ACADEMIC ENGAGEMENTS

Sr. No.	Other Academic Engagements	Faculty	Date(s)
1.	Acted as Course Director in "Social Advocacy and Social Legislations" for students of Post-Graduate Diploma in NGO Management, EDI, Ahmedabad.	Satyakam Joshi	1-2 April, 2013
2.	Acted as a Member in Faculty Selection Committee at Centre for Culture and Development, Vaodadara.	Biswaroop Das	11 May, 2013
3.	Acted as a Member in Faculty Selection Committee at Institute of Rural Management, Anand.	Biswaroop Das	15-16 May, 2013
4.	Attended an Advisory Committee Meeting at Centre for Migration and Labour Studies, Udaipur.	Biswaroop Das	23-24 May, 2013
5.	Worked as a Referee for an M.Phil. dissertation of Centre for Political Studies, JNU, Delhi.	Satyakam Joshi	27 May, 2013
6.	Act as a Project Consultant in the project "Educational Status of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes: Attainments and Challenges".	Vimal Trivedi	16 June, 2013 to 15 September, 2013
7.	Examined a doctoral thesis of the University of New England, Australia.	Biswaroop Das	June 2013
8.	Acted as Member of the Faculty Review Panel at CEPT University, Ahmedabad.	Biswaroop Das	4 July, 2013
9.	Examined an M.Phil. dissertation of Department of Geography, Delhi School of Economics, Delhi.	Biswaroop Das	July, 2013
10.	Reviewed a manuscript for the International Journal of Rural Management, SAGE	Biswaroop Das	August, 2013
11.	Taught a one credit course on "Tribal History and Development in India" at MRS Department, Veer Narmad South Gujarat University, Surat.	Satyakam Joshi	July to September 2013

Sr. No.	Other Academic Engagements	Faculty	Date(s)
12.	Gave a talk on Indian Economy in a book release function, Babasaheb Ambedkar Bhavan, Surat.	Akash Acharya	14 August, 2013
13.	Reviewed a manuscript for Working Paper Series, Institute for Social and Economic Change (ISEC), Bangalore.	Gagan Bihari Sahu	September, 2013
14.	Acted as Jury Member in Youth festival debate and elocution competition at GTU, SCET.	Akash Acharya	1 October, 2013
15.	Acted as a Member in the Selection Committee for Public Health Consultant, UHCRC (SMC).	Akash Acharya	17 October, 2013
16.	Act as a discussant for the paper "Understanding or Ignoring Untouchability", Navsarjan, Ahmedabad.	Ghanshyam Shah	November, 2013
17.	Organised a Focussed Group Discussion on "Stresses, Shocks and Surat" with Auro University students along with the team of ARUP London office.	Akash Acharya	2 December, 2013
18.	Examined a Ph.D. thesis of the CEPT University, Ahmedabad.	Satyakam Joshi	December, 2013
19.	Examined a doctoral thesis of the Centre for Political Studies, Jawaharlal Nehru University, Delhi.	Biswaroop Das	December, 2013
20.	Gave a talk on "Economic Growth and Social Inclusion: A Study of Gujarat" at University of Tokyo.	Ghanshyam Shah	17 December, 2013
21.	Worked as a Jury Member in the Elocution Competition, Hills High School, Surat.	Akash Acharya	31 January, 2014
22.	Evaluated Teaching Performance of J.H. Ambani school Teachers in the subjects of Economics, History and Social Sciences.	Akash Acharya	7 February, 2014

Sr. No.	Other Academic Engagements	Faculty	Date(s)
23.	Worked as a Jury Member in a Group Discussion Competition in DBIM fest Invincible, DBIM, VNSGU, Surat.	Akash Acharya	22 February, 2014
24.	Conducted a <i>Viva-Voce</i> examination for M.Phil candidate at Centre for Political Studies, JNU, Delhi.	Sadan Jha	March 4, 2014
25.	Acted as the Chairperson of Faculty Review Committee, Centre for Culture and Development, Vadodara.	Biswaroop Das	12-13 March, 2014
26.	Reviewed a manuscript for International Journal of Rural Management, SAGE.	Akash Acharya	26 March, 2014

FELLOWSHIP/ VISIT ABROAD BY FACULTY

1. Ghanshyam Shah visited Japan and presented a paper on "In Search of Well-Being: Genealogies of Religion and Politics in India" in the International conference on 'Indian Buddhism and Dalit liberation' organised by Center for the Study of Contemporary India, Kyoto University (KINDAS), Japan, December 14-15, 2013.
2. Arjun Patel visited New Zealand to present a paper on "Urban Marginalization and Shrinking Cultural Space: A Case of Forced Evacuations of Slum Dwellers in Surat, Western India" in an International Seminar on 'Interacting land Governances in to the post-2015 Agenda: Harnessing Synergies for Implementation and Monitoring Impact' organised by The University of Auckland and the NZASIA 2013 held in Auckland, New Zealand, November 22 – 24, 2013. He also gave a talk on "Kolis: Yesterday, Today and Tomorrow" organised by Central Indian Association at Mahatma Gandhi Centre Auckland, on 28 November 2013.

3. Arjun Patel visited USA and presented a paper entitled "Lesson Learnt from Slum Up-gradation under Jawaharlal Nehru National Urban Renewal Mission Scheme: Empirical Evidences in Surat city of Western India" at the 15th Annual World Bank Conference on 'Land and Poverty' organised by Klaus Deininger, lead economist, Development Research Group at the World Bank headquarters, Washington D.C. USA, March 24-27, 2014.

GUIDANCE, CONSULTANCY, MEMBERSHIPS IN ADVISORY COMMITTEES, FELLOWSHIPS/AWARDS

Sadan Jha was invited to visit Centre for Political Studies, School of Social Sciences, JNU as a visiting fellow under DSA-UGC Programme from 3-6 March 2014.

ACADEMIC INFRASTRUCTURE

Library

The library has acquired 197 new books during the year. By the end of March 2014, total number of books, back volumes and reports has reached to 31,913. The Centre subscribes to 153 journals, of which 98 are Indian (77 English and 21 Gujarati) and 6 are Foreign. Besides, we also receive 10 journals on an exchange basis and 8 on gratis. The Centre has a total of 169 CDs related to various development issues. During the year 2013-2014, 127 scholars had visited the library. The library of the Centre is accessible online by the SOUL software.

Documentation

A documentation unit has been set up as part of its library in order to facilitate the research pursuits of the Centre's faculty, and also of scholars working in other research institutions and universities. One of the activities of this unit is to prepare bibliographies on subjects of interest and relevance. Research materials are also photocopied and provided to researchers on request.

Data Processing Unit

CSS now possess 35 computers and 6 laptops, 4 laser printers, one scanner, and two multimedia projectors. It has acquired an 'SPSS 21.0', for windows for social science data analysis and 'SOUL' software for the library. Centre's computer facilities are being increasingly used by its faculty, administrative staff as well as social scientists and students from elsewhere. These facilities also help researchers visiting the CSS under its Guidance and Consultancy Scheme. The EDP unit of the Centre provides data processing facility to these researchers. They are also given consultancy services in processing methods and techniques by the EDP personnel. The CSS, through its EDP, helps social scientists in data transfer. Briefly, the Centre's EDP or computer unit is currently addressing three services: 1) Using library programmes suitable to process social science data; 2) Building Centre's own data archive and making it available to researchers; and 3) Training social scientists for more efficient use of computer.

XIII. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We thank the following funding agencies for their support.

Asian Cities Climate Change Resilience Network (ACCCRN),
British High Commission, New Delhi,
Centre for Social Studies and Secularism, Mumbai,
Child Right and You (CRY), Mumbai,
Department of Higher Education, Government of Gujarat, Gandhinagar,
Emory University (USA),
Indian Institute of Public Administration (IIPA), Delhi,
Indian Council for Historical Research, New Delhi,
Indian Council of Social Science Research (ICSSR), New Delhi,
Indian School of Microfinance for Women, Ahmedabad,
Knowledge Consortium of Gujarat (KCG), Ahmedabad,
Narmada Planning Group, Government of Gujarat,
National Science Foundation (USA),
Non Resident Gujarati Foundation (NRGF) GoG, Gandhinagar,
Surat Municipal Corporation (SMC),
Taru Leading Edge, Gandhinagar,

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FACULTY

Satyakam Joshi (Acting Director from 28 October, 2013)
Pushpendra Kumar Singh (Director upto October 27, 2013)
Akash Acharya
Arjun Patel
Biswaroop Das
Gagan Bihari Sahu
Kiran Desai
Ratnawali (on extraordinary leave)
Sadan Jha
Sitakanta Sethy (June 2013 to December 2013)
Vimal Trivedi
Dinesh Chaudhari (on contract)
Ghanshyam Shah (National Fellow)

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Vidyakant Betkar

List of Completed Studies

Sr. No.	Title	Year of Completion	Project Director/Faculty
1.	The Vedachhi Movement: A Sociological Essay	1966	I.P. Desai
2.	Study of Family Planning Programme of Amreli Districts (in Gujarati)	1967	I.P. Desai
3.	Function of Bureaucracy and Agricultural Development	1969	R. Roy, I.P. Desai
4.	Primary Education in Surat District	1970	Y.D. Jadeja
5.	A Preliminary Enquiry into the Slogan of Adivasi Swayat (Autonomous) Raj	1970	I.P. Desai
6.	Rehabilitation of Landless Adivasi Labourers: Impact of Ukai Dam (in Gujarati)	1970	I.P. Desai
7.	Slums in Surat	1972	Ghanshyam Shah
8.	Integration through Political Participation: A Study of Adivasi & Harijan Leaders in Gujarat	1972	Ghanshyam Shah
9.	Untouchability in Rural Gujarat: A Report	1973	I.P. Desai
10.	Areas of Research in the subject of Inequality	1973	I.P. Desai
11.	A Profile of Education among the Scheduled Tribes in Gujarat	1974	I.P. Desai, G.A. Pandor
12.	Urban Tensions: A Case Study of Surat	1974	Ghanshyam Shah
13.	Gujarat Agitation	1974	Ghanshyam Shah
14.	The Scheduled Caste and Tribe High School Students in Gujarat – An ICSSR Study	1974	I.P. Desai, G.A. Pandor
15.	The Art Silk Industry of Surat	1975	B.V. Mehta, P. Pathak
16.	Bihar Agitation	1975	Ghanshyam Shah
17.	Sources of Urban Tensions in Ahmedabad (in relation to civic problems) and possible solutions	1975	M.D. Desai
18.	The Educational Problems of Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe School and College Students in India: A Statistical Profile Parts - I, II	1975	Vimal P. Shah
19.	Education and Social Change in Malav Village of Panchmahals District	1975	G.A. Pandor
20.	Distribution of Primary Schools in the Tribal Talukas of Bharuch and Panchmahal Districts	1976	I.P. Desai
21.	Stratification Among the Scheduled Tribes in the Bharuch and Panchmahals Districts of Gujarat	1976	Ghanshyam Shah

Sr. No.	Title	Year of Completion	Project Director/Faculty
22.	Distribution of Primary Schools in Tribal Talukas of Bharuch and Panchmahal Districts	1976	I.P. Desai
23.	Distribution of Primary Schools in Tribal Talukas of Valsad and Surat Districts	1977	I.P. Desai
24.	Socio-Economic Condition of Chodhras: A Restudy	1977	Ghanshyam Shah
25.	Fuel Consumption in Four Districts of Rural Gujarat - Bharuch, Vadodara, Kheda and Mehsana.	1977	I.P. Desai
26.	Stratification among the Scheduled Tribes in the Surat and Valsad Districts of Gujarat	1977	Ghanshyam Shah
27.	Concluding Observations and Note on the Planning the Distribution of Schools in Tribal Areas	N.D.	I.P. Desai
28.	A Long Way to Go: Report on a Survey of Scheduled Castes High School and College Students in Fifteen States of India	1977	Suma Chitnis
29.	Stratification among the Scheduled Tribes in Vadodara, Sabarkatha and The Dangs Districts of Gujarat	1978	Pradip Kumar Bose
30.	Weekly Markets in Tribal Talukas of Surat-Valsad Region	1978	S.P. Punalekar
31.	Agricultural Labourers: Are they Bonded?	1978	Ghanshyam Shah
32.	Free Legal Aid in a Tribal Area	1978	Mathew Kalathil
33.	Block Level Planning Paper: Olpad Taluka	1979	--
34.	Socio-Economic Study of the Milk Producers of South Gujarat	1979	B.D. Desai
35.	Block Level Planning Papers: Olpad Taluka Volume - I, II, III	1979	S.P. Punalekar Dipankar Gupta
36.	From Varna to Jati: The Indian Caste system from the Asiatic to the Feudal Modes of Production	1979	Dipankar Gupta
37.	Socio-Economic Conditions of Adivasi Small Farmers of Surat District	1979	G.A. Pandor
38.	Scarcity and Market Dependence in Damka: A Portrayal of Kisans in an Atypical Village	1979	Dipankar Gupta
39.	Health Situation and Problems of Health Development: A Study of a Village in Bengal	1979	Sukla Bose
40.	Migration and Social Stratification: A Case Study of Dhodias of Surat City	1980	S.P. Punalekar

Sr. No.	Title	Year of Completion	Project Director/Faculty
41.	Traditional Craft in a Changing Society: Potters and their Craft in Gujarat	1980	Pradip Kumar Bose
42.	Social Input Plan for Bayad and Malpur Talukas of Sabarkantha District (Interim Report Draft)	1980	S.P. Punalekar Priyavadan Patel
43.	Aspect of Class and Caste in Social Tensions: A Study of Marathwada Riots	1981	S.P. Punalekar
44.	Studies on Rehabilitation of Submerging Villages – Limdi	1981	Biswaroop Das Pravin Nakoom
45.	Development Plan with Social Input Sabarkantha District – 1980-81 to 1984-85	1981	S.P. Punalekar, Priyavadan Patel
46.	Milk Cooperatives in Sabarkantha: A Case Study	1981	S.P. Punalekar
47.	Supply and Demand for Skilled and Unskilled Labour for the Construction of Sardar Sarovar	1981	Ghanshyam Shah, Pradip Kumar Bose
48.	Studies on Rehabilitation of Submerging Villages – Panchmuli	1981	Vidyut Joshi Pravin Nakoom
49.	Studies on Rehabilitation of Submerging Villages – Navagam	1982	Vidyut Joshi
50.	Studies on Rehabilitation of Submerging Villages Interim Report on Navagam, Limdi, Khalvani, Panchmuli & Zer	1982	Vidyut Joshi
51.	Studies on Rehabilitation of Submerging Villages –Vadgam	1982	Biswaroop Das
52.	Narmada Command Talukas in Vadodara District: Socio-Economic Profile	1982	A.S. Charan R. Radhakrishnan Ghanshyam Shah
53.	Treatment and default in the Tuberculosis Control Programme in Valsad District	1982	Kashyap Mankodi Klaas Van der Veen Pankaj Shah
54.	Weekly Markets and Tribal Society: (A Study of Weekly Market in Tribal Talukas of Surat-Valsad Region) (Revised Version)	1982	S.P. Punalekar
55.	Social Strata Among the Tribes in Tribal Region of Bengal	1982	Pradip Kumar Bose
56.	Studies on Rehabilitation of Submerging Villages – Khalvani	1982	L.S. Vishwanath S.K. Chaudhary
57.	Socio-Economic Study of a village – Narsadna (in Gujarati)	1982	A.S. Patel

Sr. No.	Title	Year of Completion	Project Director/Faculty
58.	Association of Rural Education and Development Service	N.D.	Ghanshyam Shah Geeta Menon
59.	Studies on Rehabilitation of Submerging Villages – Mokhdi	1983	Biswaroop Das
60.	Studies on Rehabilitation of Submerging Villages – Hanf and Pandheria	1983	L.S. Vishwanath
61.	Studies on Rehabilitation of Submerging Villages – Surpan	1983	L.S. Vishwanath
62.	Studies on Rehabilitation of Submerging villages – Dhumna, Chharbara, Antras	1983	Vidyut Joshi
63.	Studies on Rehabilitation of Submerging villages – Gadher	1983	Vidyut Joshi T. Gangopadhyay
64.	Studies on Rehabilitation of Submerging villages – Katkhadi	1983	T. Gangopadhyay
65.	Studies of Rehabilitation of submerging Villages – Zer	1983	Arjun Patel
66.	Studies of Rehabilitation of submerging Villages – Kadada	1983	Arjun Patel
67.	Studies of Rehabilitation of submerging Villages – Turkheda	1983	Arjun Patel
68.	Studies on Rehabilitation of Submerging Villages – Ferakada	1983	Biswaroop Das L.S. Vishwanath
69.	Studies on Rehabilitation of Submerging villages – Makadkhada	1983	Mathew Kalathil
70.	Changing Pattern of Unionism on Indian Railways during 1970s	1983	S.V. Sujata T.J. Jagdish
71.	Cost of Submergence (A Study of Sardar Sarovar Project)	1983	Biswaroop Das A.S. Charan
72.	Narmada Command Talukas in Vadodara District: A Socio-Economic Bench-Mark Survey, Phase-II Vol. I	1983	A.S. Charan
73.	Narmada Command Talukas in Vadodara District: A Socio-Economic Bench-Mark Survey, Phase-II Vol. II	1983	A.S. Charan
74.	Agricultural Marketing System in Gujarat - A Perspective	1983	A.S. Charan
75.	Gandhian Approach to Rural Development	1983	Ghanshyam Shah, H.R. Chaturvedi

Sr. No.	Title	Year of Completion	Project Director/Faculty
76.	Agricultural Scene in Narmada Command: Some Impressions on Narmada-Mahi Region	1983	A.S. Charan
77.	Issues in Irrigation Development in India (Seminar Papers)	1983	A.S. Charan
78.	Urbanization, Urban Economic Structure and Slums	1983	Biswaroop Das
79.	Rehabilitation: The Ecological and Economic Costs	1983	Kashyap Mankodi T. Gangopadhyay
80.	Gujarat Kisan Sabha – 1936 to 1956	1983	L.S. Vishwanath
81.	Land Acquisition and Rehabilitation: The Administrative Problems	1983	L.S. Vishwanath
82.	Deprivation, Institutionalisation and Development: A Study of Child Welfare Institutions in Gujarat	1983	S.P. Punalekar Anjana Desai
83.	Some Aspects of Karl Marx's Theory of State	1983	Pradip Kumar Bose
84.	Rehabilitation of Submerging villages General Report (Sardar Sarovar Narmada Project)	1983	Vidyut Joshi
85.	Studies on Rehabilitation of Submerging villages – Gadher	1983	Vidyut Joshi T. Gangopadhyay
86.	Democracy within Trade Union Movement: A Case Study	1983	S.P. Punalekar
87.	Warning and Awareness: 1982 Cyclone.....	1984	Mayur Raval
88.	Women's Self Reliance and Collective Participation: Papad and Milk Producing Women's Organizations in Surat District, Gujarat	1984	Ghanshyam Shah
89.	Tribal Education: An inter-State Study	1984	S.P. Punalekar Jyoti Ranadive
90.	Political Strategies in the Informal Sector: A Note on the Private Sector in Passenger Transport Industry	1984	P.M. Mathew
91.	Caste Sentiments, Class Formation and Dominance in Gujarat	1984	Ghanshyam Shah
92.	The Numerical Exercise in Planning: Some Observations on Industrial Planning with special reference to Kerela	1984	P.M. Mathew
93.	Women's Cooperatives in Kerela: Their Economics and Politics	1984	P.M. Mathew
94.	A Century of Tribal Education in Gujarat (Seminar Paper) Tribal Education in Gujarat	1984	Vidyut Joshi

Sr. No.	Title	Year of Completion	Project Director/Faculty
95.	Non-Enrollment of Tribal Girls in Schools (A Study on Ten Villages in Poshina Region)	1985	Harbans Patel
96.	Ethnic Minorities: A look into the Indian Kaleidoscope	1985	Arvind N. Das
97.	N.S.S. in South Gujarat University: A Study	1985	Ghanshyam Shah H.C. Doshi
98.	The Maithili Language Movement in North Bihar: A Socio Linguistic Investigation	1985	U.N. Singh Pradip Kumar Bose N. Rajaram
99.	Certified School in Baroda: A Profile of Their Perspective, Programmes and Emergent Needs – Part I	1985	S.P. Punalekar
100.	Child Welfare Services: Constraints and Opportunities	1985	S.P. Punalekar
101.	An Exercise in Undocumented Oral Local Historiography – Changel: A Village in Bihar	1985	Arvind Das
102.	Certified School in Baroda: A Profile of Their Perspective, Programmes and Emergent Needs – Part II & III	1985	S.P. Punalekar
103.	Remand Home for Boys; Baroda (Perspective, Programmes, Needs)	1985	S.P. Punalekar
104.	Social Reform Amongst the Adivasis of South Gujarat	1985	D.H. Hardiman
105.	Maharashtra Social Forestry Project in Bhandara District: A Tale of three Villages	1985	Kashyap Mankodi
106.	Mass Movements	1985	Ghanshyam Shah
107.	Ahmedabad Riots; 1985 An Analysis Communal Riots in Gujarat	1985	Sujata Patel
108.	Resettlement and Rehabilitation at Sardar Sarovar Project on the Narmada – Progress Report No. 1	1985	--
109.	Monitoring & Evaluation of Rehabilitation Programmes Progress Report No. 2: Year Ending 31 March 1986	1986	Kashyap Mankodi
110.	A Study of the Bombay Textile Labour Strike 1981-83	1986	Arvind N. Das
111.	Tribal Development in Gujarat: An Evaluative Study of Integrated Tribal Development Project: Dahod	1986	Priyavadan Patel

Sr. No.	Title	Year of Completion	Project Director/Faculty
112.	Social Mal-Adjustment and Institutional Intervention	1986	S.P. Punalekar Priyavadan Patel
113.	Action Plan Framework for Baroda City-Level Project	1986	S.P. Punalekar
114.	Young India Project	1986	Ghanshyam Shah
115.	Non-Government Organizations in India	1986	Ghanshyam Shah
116.	Child Welfare Services in Baroda City	1986	S.P. Punalekar Priyavadan Patel
117.	Voluntary Organisations and Development: A Case of West Bengal	1986	Ghanshyam Shah Biswaroop Das
118.	Elite Politics and Manipulation of Masses: A Case of Baroda Riots	1986	Priyavadan Patel
119.	Development Perspective for the Disadvantageous Groups in Agriculture	1987	S.P. Punalekar
120.	History of Rural Credit in Western India	1987	D.H. Hardiman
121.	Public Utilities in an Urban Area - The Case of Surat City	1987	Biswaroop Das
122.	Statistical Profile of Surat District	1987	Vimal Trivedi Mayur Raval B.G. Shaikh M.R. Mac
123.	Understanding a Crisis: A Case Study of Drought 1987 in West and North-West India	1987	Arun Kumar
124.	Resettlement and Rehabilitation: Sardar Sarovar Project on Narmada – Report No. 2 & 3	1987	Kashyap Mankodi
125.	Resettlement and Rehabilitation: Sardar Sarovar Project on Narmada – Report No. 4	1987	Ghanshyam Shah Amit Mitra
126.	Resettlement and Rehabilitation: Sardar Sarovar Project on Narmada - Report No. 5	1987	Lancy Lobo
127.	Resettlement and Rehabilitation: Sardar Sarovar Project on Narmada – Report No. 6	1988	Arjun Patel
128.	Informal Sector in the Indian Environment	1988	P.M. Mathew
129.	Voluntary Organizations in Gujarat – An Exploratory Study	1988	Ghanshyam Shah Biswaroop Das
130.	Social Support System for the Aged	1988	Lancy Lobo
131.	Informalisation and Dependency: A Study of Jari and Embroidery Workers in South Gujarat	1988	S.P. Punalekar
132.	Mid-Day Meals Scheme in Gujarat: An Evaluation	1988	Ghanshyam Shah

Sr. No.	Title	Year of Completion	Project Director/Faculty
133.	Resettlement and Rehabilitation: Sardar Sarovar Project on Narmada – Report No. 7	1988	S.P. Punalekar Ghanshyam Shah Arjun Patel Lancy Lobo Jayshree Soni
134.	Agricultural Profile of the Dangs District	1989	S.P. Punalekar
135.	Forgotten Art of India	1989	D.H. Kopper
136.	The Change and the Challenge: Mahuva Reconsidered	1989	D.P. Pandit
137.	Rural Development and Poverty Alleviation	1989	Anil Bhatt S.P. Punalekar K.C. Alexander
138.	Integrated Rural Development Programme and Poverty Alleviation: An Overview of Indian Experience	1989	S.P. Punalekar
139.	The Oppressive Present – Literature and Social Consciousness in Colonial India	1990	Sudhir Chandra
140.	Migrant Labour in Urban Areas	1990	Biswaroop Das
141.	Communal Riots in Tribal Dediapada and Sagbara during October – November 1990: A Report	1990	Lancy Lobo
142.	Migrant Labour in India	1990	Ghanshyam Shah Pradip Kumar Bose G. Hargopal K.P. Kanan
143.	Survival and Struggles of Female Casual Labourers in Gujarat (A Study of Female Workers of Casual Labour Markets/Chakla Bazars in South and Central Gujarat Cities)	1990	S.P. Punalekar Arjun Patel
144.	Resettlement and Rehabilitation: Sardar Sarovar Project on Narmada – Report No. 11	1991	Arjun Patel
145.	Resettlement and Rehabilitation: Sardar Sarovar Project on Narmada – Report No. 12	1991	Paramjit Singh
146.	Religious Conversion and Social Mobility (A Case Study of the Vankars of Central Gujarat)	1991	Lancy Lobo
147.	The Brutal Embrace: Women, Marriage, Law: and Civilization in Colonial India	1991	Sudhir Chandra
148.	Migrant Labour in Rural Gujarat	1991	Arjun Patel Kiran Desai

Sr. No.	Title	Year of Completion	Project Director/Faculty
149.	Monitoring and Evaluation of Resettlement and Rehabilitation Programme of Sardar Sarovar (Narmada) Project – Report No. 13	1992	Arjun Patel
150.	Religious Sects among the Tribals of South Gujarat	1992	Lancy Lobo
151.	Monitoring and Evaluation of Resettlement and Rehabilitation Programme of Sardar Sarovar (Narmada) Project – Report No. 14	1992	Jayshree Soni Smita Shah Ghanshyam Shah Biswaroop Das D.C. Sah
152.	A Socio-Economic and Demographic Study of Villages Affected by Proposed Gandhar Gas Based Power Project (Sponsored by NTPC) Part I & II	1992	S.P. Punalekar S. Jodhaka Arjun Patel Kiran Desai
153.	An Assessment of Integrated Tribal Development Programme in Songadh (1980-90)	1993	Lancy Lobo
154.	Monitoring and Evaluation of Resettlement and Rehabilitation Programme of Sardar Sarovar (Narmada) Project – Report No. 15	1993	D.C. Sah Jayshree Soni
155.	Monitoring and Evaluation of Resettlement and Rehabilitation Programme of Sardar Sarovar (Narmada) Project – Report No. 16	1993	D.C. Sah
156.	Monitoring and Evaluation of Resettlement and Rehabilitation Programme of Sardar Sarovar (Narmada) Project – Report No. 17	1993	D.C. Sah
157.	The Labour Movement in Chota-Nagpur: 1928-1939	1993	Dilip Simeon
158.	Seeds of Marginalisation and Instability (A Study of Street Children in Gujarat Cities)	1993	S.P. Punalekar
159.	Monitoring and Evaluation of Resettlement and Rehabilitation Programme of Sardar Sarovar (Narmada) Project – Report 18	1994	D.C. Sah
160.	Monitoring and Evaluation of Resettlement and Rehabilitation Programme of Sardar Sarovar (Narmada) Project – Report 19	1994	D.C. Sah
161.	Clinical Aspects of Suspected Plague, Observed During Surat Epidemic of 1994	1994	Ketan Jhaveri
162.	Mid-Term Evaluation of Shree Niketan Rural Development Project	1994	D.C. Sah

Sr. No.	Title	Year of Completion	Project Director/Faculty
163.	Socio-Economic Study of Slums in Surat City	1994	Biswaroop Das
164.	Communalism and Communal Violence	1994	Ghanshyam Shah
165.	Socio-Economic and Demographic Survey of Project Affected Families (PAFs) of the NTPC Project at Kawas	1994	Arjun Patel
166.	Engineering Aspects of So Called Plague in Surat (1994)	1995	Mahesh D. Desai
167.	Monitoring and Evaluation of Resettlement and Rehabilitation Programme of Sardar Sarovar (Narmada) Project – Report 20	1995	D.C. Sah
168.	Encounter with Urbanism: Coping Mechanisms in a Slum	1995	Lancy Lobo
169.	Nature and Conditions of Workers in Small Scale Industrial Units in Gujarat	1995	Kiran Desai
170.	Sociology of Dalit Literature	1995	S.P. Punalekar
171.	Empowering the Urban Poor in Surat Slums – An Evaluation of Navsarjan; Xavier's Cell for Human Development	1995	S.P. Punalekar
172.	Dehzado Records of Gujarat State	1995	Lancy Lobo
173.	Development, Equality and Social Justice: A Select Bibliography	1996	S.P. Punalekar
174.	Monitoring and Evaluation of Resettlement and Rehabilitation Programme of Sardar Sarovar (Narmada) Project – Report 21	1996	D.C. Sah
175.	Monitoring and Evaluation of Resettlement and Rehabilitation Programme of Sardar Sarovar (Narmada) Project – Report 22	1996	D.C. Sah
176.	Monitoring and Evaluation of Resettlement and Rehabilitation Programme of Sardar Sarovar (Narmada) Project – Report 23	1996	D.C. Sah
177.	Public Health - Urban Society Interface: A Study of Pneumonic Plague in Surat	1996	Ghanshyam Shah
178.	Ethnography of Malaria in Surat	1996	Lancy Lobo
179.	Socio-Economic Survey of Sericulturists in Gujarat and Maharashtra	1996	Arjun Patel
180.	Scavengers of Village Ranpur: A Case Study (in Gujarati)	1996	Ramesh Parmar

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181.	Social History of Cloth Manufacturer and Marketing in Bombay Presidency, 1850-1947	1996	Douglas Haynes
182.	Peoples' Initiative for Development: Khuntali Experiment	1996	D.C. Sah Satyakam Joshi
183.	Organizations Working with Women in Gujarat	1997	Seema Bhaskaran
184.	Astitva Combats Violence Against Women	1997	Seema Bhaskaran
185.	Monitoring and Evaluation of Resettlement and Rehabilitation Programme of Sardar Sarovar (Narmada) Project – Report 24	1997	D.C. Sah
186.	Panchayati Raj in Gujarat – A Study	1997	Ghanshyam Shah Satyakam Joshi Pravin Sheth D.C. Sah Kalpana Shah
187.	Ethnography of Malaria in Surat – Validation Study (Progress Report: Feb.-April 1997)	1997	Lancy Lobo Babasaheb Kazi
188.	Tribal Society and Socio-Legal Interventions	1997	S.P. Punalekar
189.	The Pardi Annakhed Satyagraha	1997	Hakumat Desai Kiran Desai
190.	NGO's and also Reviewing Women's Movement in Gujarat	1997	D.C. Sah
191.	Ethnography of Literacy Acquisition among Pastoral Nomads of Gujarat	1997	Caroline Dyer Archana Desai
192.	A Story of Rivers: Movements Around the Narmada Dams Project in India	1997	Jai Sen
193.	Environment Debate and Reality: A Bibliography	1997	S.P. Punalekar
194.	Concurrent Evaluation of Integrated Rural Development Programme (V th round) - Daman, Dadra and Nagar Haveli, Diu and Goa (Three Reports)	1997	Kiran Desai
195.	Health, Society, State Interface: A Select Bibliography with a Special Focus on Malaria	1997	Lancy Lobo Purendra Prasad
196.	Sweepers and Scavengers in India: A Select Bibliography	1997	Pradeep Pachpeende
197.	Coping with Disaster: Flash Floods in Mahesana District	1998	Lancy Lobo Babasaheb Kazi
198.	A Socio-Economic Profile of Major Social and Religious Groups in the Slums of Surat City	1998	Biswaroop Das

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199.	Social Justice – A Dialogue	1998	Ghanshyam Shah
200.	Untouchability in Rural Gujarat	1998	Ghanshyam Shah
201.	Atrocities against Adivasis of South Gujarat	1998	Pradeep Pachpinde
202.	Community, Identity and Crises: Ethnography of Majiranas of North Gujarat	1998	Lancy Lobo
203.	Ethnography of Malaria in Surat District (Progress Report: October 1997 – March 1998)	1998	Lancy Lobo
204.	Politics of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in India	1998	Ghanshyam Shah
205.	Dwelling Environment and Housing Needs of Rural Poor in Northern and Central Gujarat	1998	Biswaroop Das
206.	Land Struggle of Adivasis	1998	Ghanshyam Shah D C Shah
207.	Tribal Identity in South Gujarat	1998	Satyakam Joshi
208.	Sociological and Ecological Dimensions of Tourism: A select Bibliography	1999	S.P. Punalekar
209.	Nationalism, Separatism and Secessionism	1999	Sajal Nag
210.	Socio-Economic Survey of Slum dwellers on the Sabarmati River Banks, Ahmedabad	1999	Satyakam Joshi
211.	Studies on Ambedkar: Thought and Praxis	1999	S.P. Punalekar
212.	Benchmark Study on Sexual Behaviour Among Three Target Group in Surat City	1999	Babasaheb Kazi
213.	Leptospirosis Epidemic in South Gujarat: A Preliminary Study	1999	N. Purendra Prasad Lancy Lobo
214.	Ethnography of Malaria in Surat District	1999	Lancy Lobo N. Purendra Prasad B.T. Kazi
215.	Ethnography of Malaria in Surat District	2000	Lancy Lobo D.C. Sah N. Purendra Prasad B.T. Kazi
216.	Ethnography of Malaria in Surat District (Composite Report – 1995-2000)	2000	Lancy Lobo N. Purendra Prasad B.T. Kazi D.C. Sah

Sr. No.	Title	Year of Completion	Project Director/Faculty
217.	Rural Livelihood Strategies: A Study on Drought in Gujarat	2000	N. Purendra Prasad
218.	Communal Riots in South Gujarat Town of Navsari (in Gujarati)	2000	Jayshree Soni
219.	Monitoring and Evaluation of Resettlement and Rehabilitation Programme for Sardar Sarovar Narmada Project	2000	D.C. Sah
220.	Women's Participation in Income Generation in Hazira Area	2000	Akash Acharya D.C. Sah
221.	The Process of People's Participation in the Post-Plague Situation	2001	Kiran Desai
222.	Human Aspects of Water Management – A Trend Report	2001	Jayshree Soni
223.	Water Scarcity and Gender Dimension	2001	Jayshree Soni
224.	Child Labour in Diamond Industry of Surat	2001	Kiran Desai Nikhil Raj
225.	Gujarat: Tribal Development Vision 2010	2001	Vidyut Joshi D.C. Sah Arjun Patel Satyakam Joshi Babasaheb Kazi Harshida Dave Ashok Gamit
226.	A Study of Tribal Migrants from Dangs & Dahod Areas	2001	Arjun Patel
227.	Dalits and Social Conflict Mitigation Process in India	2001	S.P. Punalekar Satyakam Joshi Arjun Patel
228.	Benchmark Study of Surat City	2001	Babasaheb Kazi N. Purendra Prasad
229.	Workers of Closed Textile Mills	2002	Kiran Desai
230.	The Slums of Towns and Cities of Gujarat: A Case of Surat	2002	Babasaheb Kazi
231.	Child Labour in Textile Industry of Surat	2002	Kiran Desai
232.	Dalit Conflicts and Mitigation in Gujarat	2002	Arjun Patel
233.	Geography of Gujarat Riots, 2002: Causatives and Spatial Spread Patterns of Related Factors	2002	Lancy Lobo Biswaroop Das

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234.	Addressing Agricultural Power Subsidy: A Case Study of North Gujarat	2002	Vidyut Joshi Akash Acharya
235.	A Slums Study in Ankleshwar Town	2003	Kiran Desai Babasaheb Kazi
236.	A Slums Study in Halol Town	2003	Babasaheb Kazi Ashok Shrotriya Kiran Desai
237.	A Slums Study in Porbabdar Town	2003	Kiran Desai Babasaheb Kazi
238.	Privatisation of Higher Education: Issues and Problems with Special Reference to South Gujarat	2003	Vidyut Joshi Vimal Trivedi
239.	Conflict and Violence against Dalits: Nature, Implication and Advocacy	2003	Satyakam Joshi
240.	Review-study of a Vocational training centre (VGTK) managed by a voluntary group (Sewa Rural)	2003	Kiran Desai
241.	The Socio-Economic Impact of the Port Development Gujarat (PODEG)	2003	Arjun Patel Jyothish S. Vidyut Joshi Kiran Pandya
242.	Socio-Cultural and Ecological Impact of Alang and Soshiya Ship Breaking Yard: Third Phase Report on Stake Holders' Convergence at ASSBY	2003	Vidyut Joshi Rupa Abdi Narendra Gohil
243.	Art and Aesthetics in Tribes of South Gujarat	2003	O.P. Joshi
244.	A Study on Inclusion of Excluded Communities for Social Cohesion through Panchayati Raj in Gujarat: A Case Study of Surat District	2003	Satyakam Joshi
245.	Hindu-Muslim Relations: The Case Study of Surat and Vadodara	2003	Kiran Desai Aparajita De
246.	Socio-Economic Study of the Lodhva-Singsar Region	2004	Biswaroop Das Ratnawali Sinha
247.	Mapping of Reproductive Health Care Seeking Behaviour of Women and Service Provisions in Selected Tribal Areas in Gujarat	2004	Sudarshan Iyengar Ratnawali
248.	Socio-Economic Base Line Study (Suvali-Hazira Area)	2004	Vidyut Joshi Jyothis S.
249.	Agriculture and Animal Husbandry and Its Role in Supplementing family income – A Case Study	2004	Biswaroop Das

Sr. No.	Title	Year of Completion	Project Director/Faculty
250.	Imagined Geographies: Geographical Knowledge of Self and Others in EverydayLife – The Case of Ahmedabad	2004	Aparajita De
251.	An Evaluation Study of Terre des Hommes Response to Gujarat Earthquake and Communal Riots	2005	Jyothis S. Sudarshan Iyengar
252.	Micro Finance and Rural Credit Markets: A Study of Clients Using Micro Credit in Gujarat and Maharashtra	2005	Biswaroop Das
253.	Solid Waste Management – Mid-Term Evaluation of Door-to-Door Garbage Collection Programme in Three Municipal Zones of Surat	2005	Arjun Patel Vimal Trivedi
254.	Working of Anganwadis in Selected Tribal Talukas of Valsad District	2005	Ratnawali Sinha Sudarshan Iyengar
255.	Health Status, Health Needs and Health Care-seeking Behaviour of people living in 22 slums of Surat City	2006	Akash Acharya
256.	Changing Nature of Pastoralism: Development, Pastures and Maldharis of Gujarat	2006	Charul Bharwada Vinay Mahajan
257.	Surat 2006 Floods: A Citizens' Report	2006	Akash Acharya Biswaroop Das Kiran Pandya Madhusudan Raj
258.	Self-Help Co-operatives and Micro-Finance: Lessons from Orissa	2006	Gagan B. Sahu Biswaroop Das
259.	A Study on the Impact of Jyotigram Yojana: A Case Study of Navsari District	2007	Jayshree Soni
260.	Education and Health Needs Assessment of some of the villages of Bharuch District	2007	Ratnawali
261.	Study of the Economics of Dairy Production and Marketing in Gujarat: A Case study of Siddh Someshwar Kudiyana Vibhag Dudh ane Shakhajinu Vechan Karnari Sahkari Mandali Ltd, Village Kudiyana of Olpad Taluka, Surat District	2007	Arjun Patel
262.	Case Study on Psycho-Social Aspects of Leadership	2007	Jayshree Soni
263.	Monitoring and Evaluation of Resettlement and Rehabilitation Programme of Sardar Sarovar (Narmada) Project Series, Sponsored by SSPA, General Report: Gujarat	2007	Jayshree Soni

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264.	Functioning of Panchayati Raj in Schedule Area of Gujarat	2007	Satyakam Joshi
265.	Water Scarcity and People	2007	Vidyut Joshi Jayshree Soni
266.	Income, Remittances and Urban Labour Markets: Oriya Migrant Workers in Surat City	2008	Gagan B. Sahu Biswaroop Das
267.	A Post Resettlement and Rehabilitation (R&R) Study of Sardar Sarovar Project (SSP), Project Affected Families (PAF) of Madhya Pradesh (MP) and Maharashtra (MH) Resettled in Gujarat	2008	Arjun Patel Jayshree Soni
268.	Role of Gandhian Institutions in Peaceful Co-existence in Gujarat	2008	Satyakam Joshi Kiran Desai
269.	The Aftermath of Tsunami in the Andaman and Nicobar: A Preliminary Report	2009	Biswaroop Das
270.	Study of the Economics of Dairy Production and Marketing in Gujarat: A Case Study of Sarvodaya Milk Producers Co-operative of Navsari District	2009	Jayshree Soni
271.	Globalisation, Gujarat State and Welfare for Poor	2009	Ghanshyam Shah Kiran Desai
272.	Municipal Service Delivery and Urban Local Governance: A Performance Appraisal by the Citizens of Surat, India	2010	Vimal Trivedi
273.	Impact of Salinity Propagation and Ground Water Pollution on Rural Households in the Coastal Areas of Gujarat State, India	2010	S. Jyothis
274.	Learning to live with floods at Surat	2010	B. Devi Prasad M.D. Desai S.P. Ray and Others
275.	Performance Review of Citizen on Municipal Service Delivery and Local Urban Governance in Surat, India	2010	Vimal Trivedi
276.	Contested Symbols: Genealogy of Indian National Flag and Spinning Wheel	2011	Sadan Jha
277.	Social Networks and Health Care Seeking Behaviour of Community Living in Close Proximity of Poultry and at Risk of Bird Flu	2011	Akash Acharya Biswaroop Das Valerie Hood Ronald Barrett

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278.	Reconstruction of Subaltern Identities: An Oral History Project on the Warlis of Dahanu (Maharashtra)	2012	Satyakam Joshi
279.	Socio-Economic Condition of Rag Pickers: A Case Study of Surat City	2012	Vimal Trivedi
280.	Monitoring the Implementation of Social Security Schemes in Tribal Areas of Gujarat: With Reference to Dangs District	2012	Satyakam Joshi
281.	Estimating Community Prevalence Rate of Sickle Cell Anaemia in the Tribal Population of Gujarat: A Bio-Anthropological Study among the Warli Tribe	2012	Ratnawali
282.	Understanding Financial Behaviour of Urban Migrant Workers: A Case of Surat City	2013	Biswaroop Das Gagan Bihari Sahu
283.	Experiences of City Life: Contemporary Surat and the Question of Belongingness	2013	Sadan Jha
284.	A Post-Resettlement and Rehabilitation (R&R) study of Project Affected Families (PAFs) of Madhya Pradesh and Maharashtra of Sardar Sarovar Project Resettled in Gujarat	2014	Arjun Patel
285.	Searching for Space in Globalisation Era: Fringe Sector Livelihood Earners in Urban Economy – The Case of Surat City (Gujarat State)	2014	Kiran Desai
286.	Survey and Documentation of Non Resident Gujaratis' (NRG) Contribution towards the Development of Surat District (Vatan Seva Project)	2014	Akash Acharya

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